

Running Hadoop in the Cloud

Tom White
tomwhite@apache.org
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About me

- Apache Hadoop Committer, PMC Member, Apache Member
- Employed by Cloudera
- Writing a book on Hadoop for O'Reilly
 - <http://hadoopbook.com>

Agenda

- Cloud Computing and Hadoop
 - Hadoop on Amazon EC2
 - Storage options
 - Deployment options
 - Demo
 - Case Study
-

Cloud Computing

- Definitions from Armbrust et al, “Above the Clouds: A Berkeley View of Cloud Computing”, February 2009
 - “Cloud” = data center hardware and software
 - Public cloud – service sold to the public
 - Private cloud – internal to an organization
 - Three new aspects (of public clouds)
 1. The illusion of infinite computing resources available on demand
 2. The elimination of an up-front commitment by Cloud users
 3. The ability to pay for use of computing resources on a short-term basis as needed
-

Why run Hadoop in the “public” cloud?

- “Infinite” resources
 - Hadoop scales linearly
 - No upfront commitment
 - Try before you buy
 - Will Hadoop solve my problem?
 - Pay as you go
 - Elasticity
 - Run a large cluster for a short time
 - Grow or shrink a cluster on demand
 - **Lower administration costs and total cost of ownership**
-

Requirements for Hadoop

- Hardware
 - Hadoop needs lots of memory and disks
 - Storage
 - Hadoop works best when storage is integrated with compute nodes
 - Networking topology
 - Prefer control over placement of machines
 - Hadoop needs visibility into topology
 - Bandwidth control
 - Dedicated switches are best
-

Hadoop on Amazon EC2



Hadoop on Amazon EC2

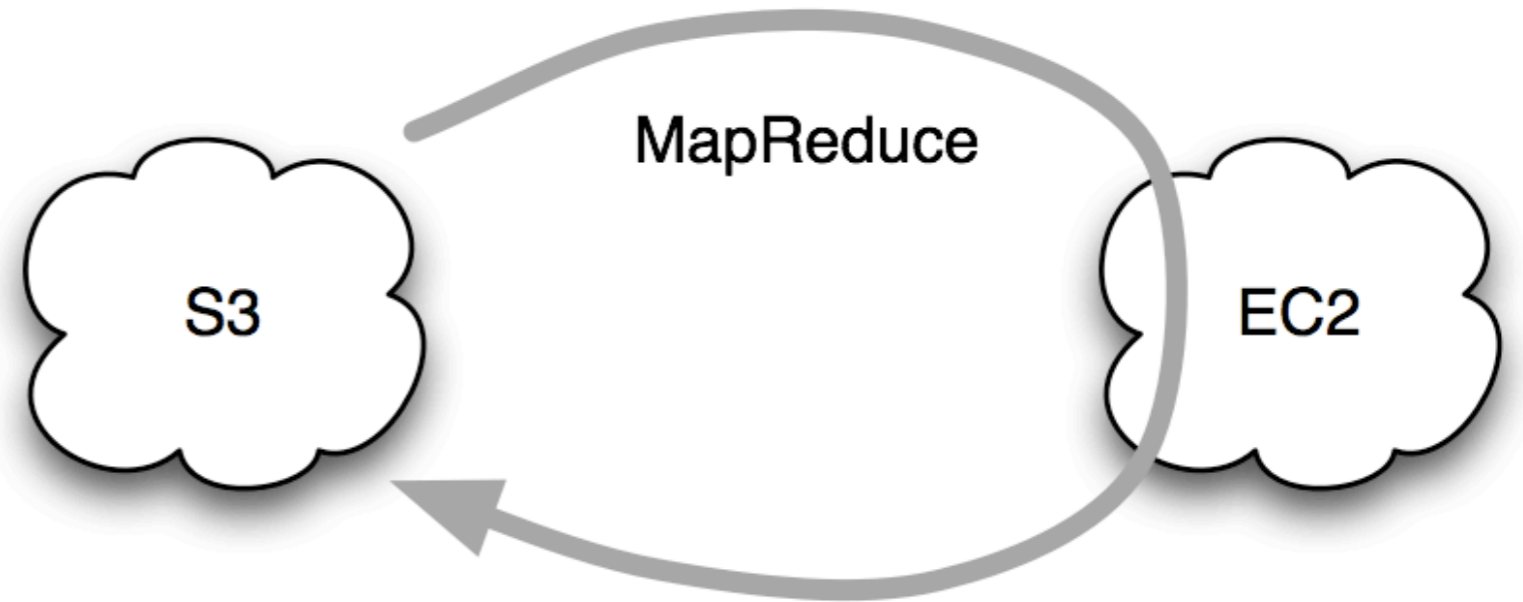
- Hardware
 - E.g. High-CPU XLarge:
 - 8 cores, 7GB memory, 1690 GB storage
 - Storage
 - Choice of local disks, S3, EBS
 - Networking topology
 - Finest granularity is “availability zone”
 - Bandwidth control
 - Large instances have “high” I/O performance (no guarantees)
-

Storage options



Hadoop on EC2 with S3 storage

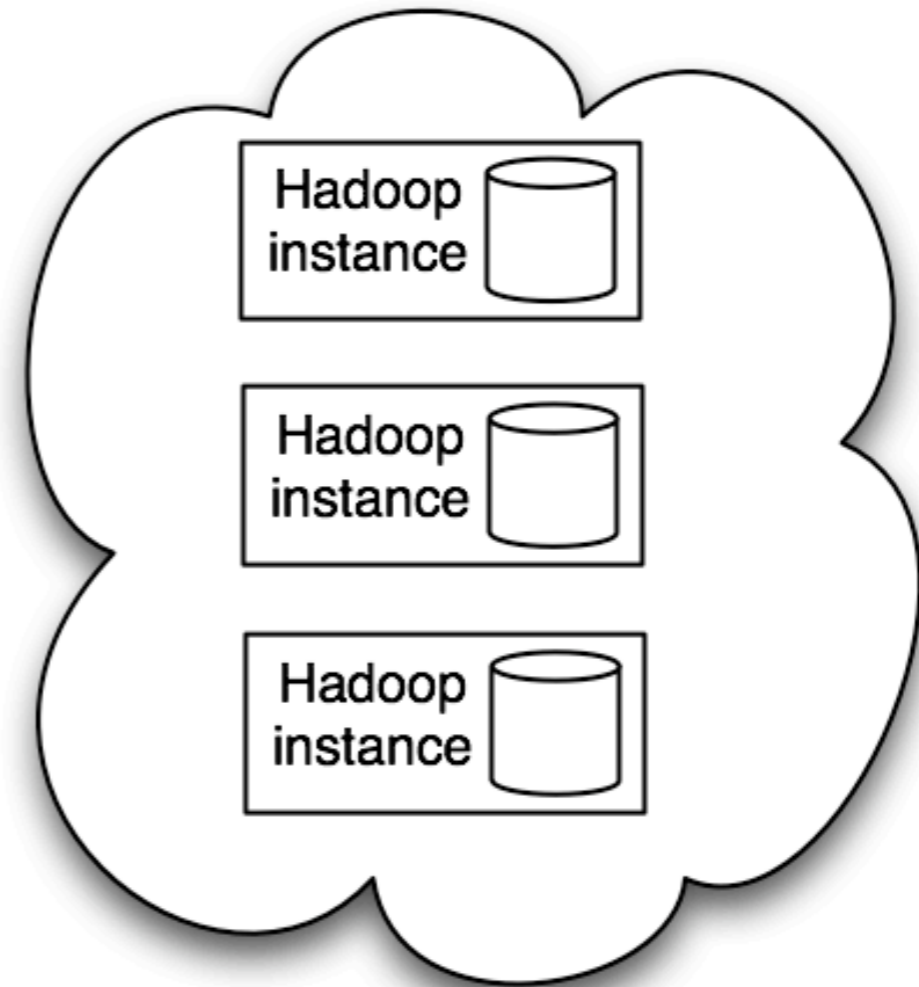
- Pros
 - Elastic
 - Use existing S3 data
 - Cheap
- Cons
 - No locality
 - Poor transfer speed



Hadoop on EC2 with local storage

- Pros
 - Data locality
- Cons
 - No rack locality
 - Cluster is always on

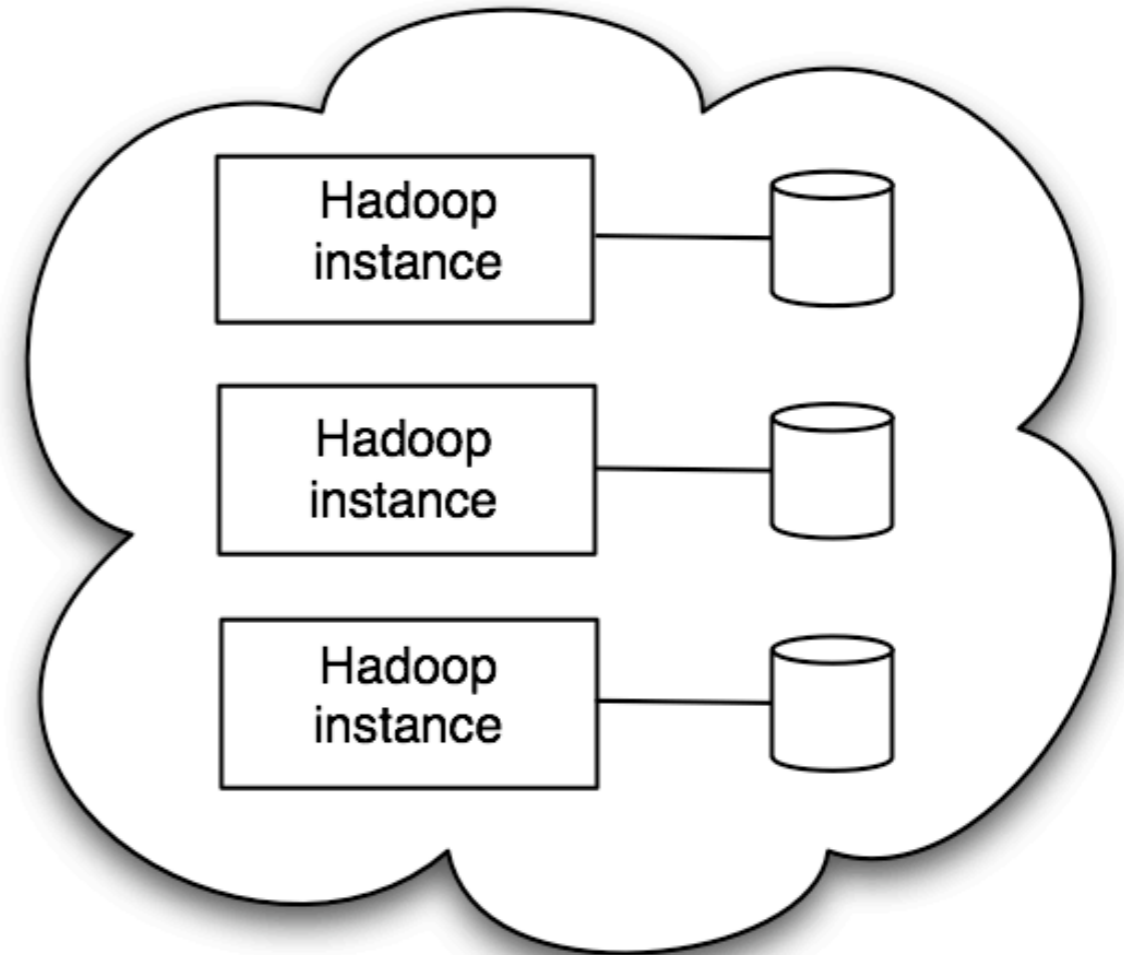
EC2 with local storage



Hadoop on EC2 with EBS storage

- Pros
 - Data locality
 - Elastic
- Cons
 - No rack locality
 - No pre-existing AMIs

EC2 with persistent storage volumes



Economics

Storage	Price (per GB month)	Transfer cost (within AWS)
EBS	\$0.10	\$0.10 per million I/O requests
S3	\$0.15	\$0.01 per thousand HTTP requests
EC2 local storage (reserved instance for one year)	\$0.32	\$0.00

- EBS is a good fit for clusters with low–medium utilization

Deployment options



S3 Filesystems

- Hadoop Filesystem abstraction
 - HDFS (hdfs://), KFS (kfs://), local (file://)
- S3 Native Filesystem (s3n://)
 - 5GB file size
 - Use with existing S3 data and tools
- S3 Block Filesystem (s3://)
 - Unlimited file size
 - Can't use with existing S3 data or tools

Hadoop S3 Examples

- Copy from HDFS to S3
 - `hadoop fs -cp hdfs://namenode/path s3n://bucket/path`
- Parallel copy from HDFS to S3
 - `hadoop distcp hdfs://namenode/path s3://bucket/path`
- Run MapReduce on S3 data
 - `hadoop jar hadoop-*-examples.jar grep \
s3n://bucket/input s3n://bucket/output pattern`

Hadoop EC2 AMIs

- Public AMIs provided by Apache and Cloudera
 - Use the same launch scripts
 - <http://wiki.apache.org/hadoop/AmazonEC2>
 - <http://www.cloudera.com/hadoop-ec2>
 - Launch scripts do cluster coordination and configuration
- AMIs are easy to customize
 - Patches
 - Extra software

Apache Hadoop and Cloudera's Distribution

- Apache hosts Hadoop development
 - Nightly builds
 - Releases
 - Cloudera's Distribution for Hadoop
 - Based on most recent stable version
 - Uses RPMs for deployment (other packages coming soon)
 - Linux Filesystem Hierarchy Standard
 - Standard Linux service management
 - Dependency management
-

Demo



```
# Your Amazon Account Number.
AWS_ACCOUNT_ID=

# Your Amazon AWS access key.
AWS_ACCESS_KEY_ID=

# Your Amazon AWS secret access key.
AWS_SECRET_ACCESS_KEY=

# Location of EC2 keys.
# The default setting is probably OK if you set up EC2 following the Amazon Getting Started guide.
EC2_KEYDIR=`dirname "$EC2_PRIVATE_KEY"`

# The EC2 key name used to launch instances.
# The default is the value used in the Amazon Getting Started guide.
KEY_NAME=tom

# Where your EC2 private key is stored (created when following the Amazon Getting Started guide).
# You need to change this if you don't store this with your other EC2 keys.
PRIVATE_KEY_PATH=`echo "$EC2_KEYDIR"/"id_rsa_cloudera"`

# SSH options used when connecting to EC2 instances.
SSH_OPTS=`echo -i "$PRIVATE_KEY_PATH" -o StrictHostKeyChecking=no -o ServerAliveInterval=30`

# The version of Hadoop to use. Note that this is the version of the AMI of Cloudera's Distribution for Hadoop here.
HADOOP_VERSION=0.3.0

# The Amazon S3 bucket where the Hadoop AMI is stored.
# The default value is for public images, so can be left if you are using running a public image.
# Change this value only if you are creating your own (private) AMI
# so you can store it in a bucket you own.
# [Changed to Cloudera bucket]
S3_BUCKET=cloudera-ec2-hadoop-images
```

bash

```
loy:cloudera-for-hadoop-on-ec2-0.3.0 tom$ bin/hadoop-ec2 launch-cluster tom-hadoop 10
Testing for existing master in group: tom-hadoop
Starting master with AMI ami-9136d1f8
Waiting for instance i-b3f16ada to start
.....Started as ip-10-250-74-242.ec2.internal
Warning: Permanently added 'ec2-75-101-176-200.compute-1.amazonaws.com,75.101.176.200' (RSA) to the list of known hosts.
Copying private key to master
id_rsa_cloudera 100% 1675 1.6KB/s 00:00
Master is ec2-75-101-176-200.compute-1.amazonaws.com, ip is 75.101.176.200, zone is us-east-1c.
Adding tom-hadoop node(s) to cluster group tom-hadoop with AMI ami-9136d1f8
i-9bf16af2
i-9af16af3
i-9df16af4
i-9cf16af5
i-9ff16af6
i-9ef16af7
i-91f16af8
i-90f16af9
i-93f16afa
i-92f16afb
loy:cloudera-for-hadoop-on-ec2-0.3.0 tom$
```



ssh

```
[root@ip-10-250-74-242 ~]# hadoop distcp s3n://cloudera-datasets/wiki-articles/ wikipedia
09/03/20 10:44:05 INFO tools.DistCp: srcPaths=[s3n://cloudera-datasets/wiki-articles]
09/03/20 10:44:05 INFO tools.DistCp: destPath=wikipedia
09/03/20 10:44:09 INFO tools.DistCp: srcCount=302
09/03/20 10:44:12 INFO mapred.JobClient: Running job: job_200903201031_0001
09/03/20 10:44:13 INFO mapred.JobClient:  map 0% reduce 0%
09/03/20 10:44:34 INFO mapred.JobClient:  map 1% reduce 0%
09/03/20 10:44:43 INFO mapred.JobClient:  map 3% reduce 0%
09/03/20 10:44:49 INFO mapred.JobClient:  map 5% reduce 0%
09/03/20 10:44:51 INFO mapred.JobClient:  map 6% reduce 0%
09/03/20 10:44:55 INFO mapred.JobClient:  map 7% reduce 0%
09/03/20 10:44:59 INFO mapred.JobClient:  map 8% reduce 0%
09/03/20 10:45:04 INFO mapred.JobClient:  map 9% reduce 0%
09/03/20 10:45:05 INFO mapred.JobClient:  map 10% reduce 0%
09/03/20 10:45:08 INFO mapred.JobClient:  map 11% reduce 0%
09/03/20 10:45:10 INFO mapred.JobClient:  map 12% reduce 0%
09/03/20 10:45:11 INFO mapred.JobClient:  map 13% reduce 0%
09/03/20 10:45:16 INFO mapred.JobClient:  map 14% reduce 0%
09/03/20 10:45:21 INFO mapred.JobClient:  map 15% reduce 0%
09/03/20 10:45:25 INFO mapred.JobClient:  map 16% reduce 0%
09/03/20 10:45:29 INFO mapred.JobClient:  map 17% reduce 0%
09/03/20 10:45:38 INFO mapred.JobClient:  map 18% reduce 0%
09/03/20 10:45:39 INFO mapred.JobClient:  map 19% reduce 0%
09/03/20 10:45:43 INFO mapred.JobClient:  map 20% reduce 0%
09/03/20 10:45:51 INFO mapred.JobClient:  map 21% reduce 0%
09/03/20 10:45:55 INFO mapred.JobClient:  map 22% reduce 0%
09/03/20 10:46:06 INFO mapred.JobClient:  map 23% reduce 0%
09/03/20 10:46:20 INFO mapred.JobClient:  map 24% reduce 0%
09/03/20 10:46:23 INFO mapred.JobClient:  map 25% reduce 0%
```

ip-10-250-74-242 Hadoop Map/Reduce Administration

[Need help? Visit Cloudera Community Support](#)

State: RUNNING
 Started: Fri Mar 20 10:31:35 EDT 2009
 Version: Unknown, rUnknown
 Compiled: Unknown by Unknown
 Identifier: 200903201031

Cluster Summary

Maps	Reduces	Total Submissions	Nodes	Map Task Capacity	Reduce Task Capacity	Avg. Tasks/Node
0	0	1	10	20	10	3.00

Running Jobs

Running Jobs

none

Completed Jobs

Completed Jobs

Jobid	User	Name	Map % Complete	Map Total	Maps Completed	Reduce % Complete	Reduce Total	Reduces Completed
job_200903201031_0001	root	distcp	100.00% ■	75	75	100.00% ■	0	0

Failed Jobs

Failed Jobs



none

ssh

```
[root@ip-10-250-74-242 hadoop]# hadoop jar hadoop-0.18.3-examples.jar grep wikipedia/wiki-articles grep-out '(hadoop|pig)'  
09/03/20 11:18:52 INFO mapred.FileInputFormat: Total input paths to process : 300  
09/03/20 11:18:52 INFO mapred.FileInputFormat: Total input paths to process : 300  
09/03/20 11:18:52 INFO mapred.JobClient: Running job: job_200903201031_0006  
09/03/20 11:18:53 INFO mapred.JobClient: map 0% reduce 0%  
09/03/20 11:19:01 INFO mapred.JobClient: map 1% reduce 0%  
09/03/20 11:19:02 INFO mapred.JobClient: map 3% reduce 0%  
09/03/20 11:19:03 INFO mapred.JobClient: map 5% reduce 0%  
09/03/20 11:19:04 INFO mapred.JobClient: map 6% reduce 0%  
09/03/20 11:19:11 INFO mapred.JobClient: map 8% reduce 0%  
09/03/20 11:19:12 INFO mapred.JobClient: map 9% reduce 0%  
09/03/20 11:19:13 INFO mapred.JobClient: map 10% reduce 0%  
09/03/20 11:19:14 INFO mapred.JobClient: map 11% reduce 0%  
09/03/20 11:19:15 INFO mapred.JobClient: map 12% reduce 0%  
09/03/20 11:19:18 INFO mapred.JobClient: map 13% reduce 0%  
09/03/20 11:19:19 INFO mapred.JobClient: map 13% reduce 1%  
09/03/20 11:19:20 INFO mapred.JobClient: map 13% reduce 2%  
09/03/20 11:19:21 INFO mapred.JobClient: map 14% reduce 2%  
09/03/20 11:19:22 INFO mapred.JobClient: map 16% reduce 3%  
09/03/20 11:19:23 INFO mapred.JobClient: map 17% reduce 3%  
09/03/20 11:19:24 INFO mapred.JobClient: map 18% reduce 3%  
09/03/20 11:19:25 INFO mapred.JobClient: map 18% reduce 4%  
09/03/20 11:19:26 INFO mapred.JobClient: map 19% reduce 4%  
09/03/20 11:19:28 INFO mapred.JobClient: map 20% reduce 4%  
09/03/20 11:19:30 INFO mapred.JobClient: map 21% reduce 4%  
09/03/20 11:19:32 INFO mapred.JobClient: map 22% reduce 5%  
09/03/20 11:19:33 INFO mapred.JobClient: map 23% reduce 5%  
09/03/20 11:19:34 INFO mapred.JobClient: map 25% reduce 5%  
09/03/20 11:19:35 INFO mapred.JobClient: map 26% reduce 5%
```

Hadoop job_200903201031_0006 on ip-10-250-74-242

User: root**Job Name:** grep-search**Job File:** hdfs://ip-10-250-74-242.ec2.internal:9000/hadoop/system/mapred/job_200903201031_0006/job.xml**Status:** Running**Started at:** Fri Mar 20 11:18:52 EDT 2009**Running for:** 46sec

Kind	% Complete	Num Tasks	Pending	Running	Complete	Killed	Failed/Killed Task Attempts
map	27.98% 	300	201	16	83	0	0 / 0
reduce	6.94% 	10	0	10	0	0	0 / 0

	Counter	Map	Reduce	Total
File Systems	HDFS bytes read	5,407,561,922	0	5,407,561,922
	Local bytes written	24,819	0	24,819
Job Counters	Launched reduce tasks	0	0	10
	Launched map tasks	0	0	99
	Data-local map tasks	0	0	99
	Reduce input groups	0	0	0
	Combine output records	88	0	88



A terminal window titled "ssh" with a subtitle "root@ip-10-250-74-242:/usr/lib/hadoop — ssh — 130x29". The terminal shows the execution of the command "hadoop fs -cat grep-out/part-00000". The output consists of two lines: "75524 pig" and "47 hadoop". The prompt "[root@ip-10-250-74-242 hadoop]#" is visible at the beginning and end of the output.

```
[root@ip-10-250-74-242 hadoop]# hadoop fs -cat grep-out/part-00000
75524 pig
47 hadoop
[root@ip-10-250-74-242 hadoop]#
```

bash

loy:cloudera-for-hadoop-on-ec2-0.3.0 tom\$ bin/hadoop-ec2 terminate-cluster tom-hadoop

Running Hadoop instances:

INSTANCE	i-b3f16ada	ami-9136d1f8	ec2-75-101-176-200.compute-1.amazonaws.com	ip-10-250-74-242.ec2.internal	ru
nning tom	0	c1.medium	2009-03-20T14:30:02+0000 us-east-1c	aki-a71cf9ce ari-a51cf9cc	
INSTANCE	i-9bf16af2	ami-9136d1f8	ec2-75-101-230-138.compute-1.amazonaws.com	ip-10-250-75-225.ec2.internal	ru
nning tom	0	c1.medium	2009-03-20T14:31:40+0000 us-east-1c	aki-a71cf9ce ari-a51cf9cc	
INSTANCE	i-9af16af3	ami-9136d1f8	ec2-67-202-5-233.compute-1.amazonaws.com	ip-10-250-187-225.ec2.internal	ru
nning tom	1	c1.medium	2009-03-20T14:31:40+0000 us-east-1c	aki-a71cf9ce ari-a51cf9cc	
INSTANCE	i-9df16af4	ami-9136d1f8	ec2-75-101-182-147.compute-1.amazonaws.com	ip-10-250-155-34.ec2.internal	ru
nning tom	2	c1.medium	2009-03-20T14:31:40+0000 us-east-1c	aki-a71cf9ce ari-a51cf9cc	
INSTANCE	i-9cf16af5	ami-9136d1f8	ec2-75-101-208-222.compute-1.amazonaws.com	ip-10-250-27-48.ec2.internal	ru
nning tom	3	c1.medium	2009-03-20T14:31:40+0000 us-east-1c	aki-a71cf9ce ari-a51cf9cc	
INSTANCE	i-9ff16af6	ami-9136d1f8	ec2-75-101-189-193.compute-1.amazonaws.com	ip-10-250-195-1.ec2.internal	ru
nning tom	4	c1.medium	2009-03-20T14:31:40+0000 us-east-1c	aki-a71cf9ce ari-a51cf9cc	
INSTANCE	i-9ef16af7	ami-9136d1f8	ec2-174-129-82-139.compute-1.amazonaws.com	ip-10-250-35-143.ec2.internal	ru
nning tom	5	c1.medium	2009-03-20T14:31:40+0000 us-east-1c	aki-a71cf9ce ari-a51cf9cc	
INSTANCE	i-91f16af8	ami-9136d1f8	ec2-174-129-88-145.compute-1.amazonaws.com	ip-10-250-87-33.ec2.internal	ru
nning tom	6	c1.medium	2009-03-20T14:31:40+0000 us-east-1c	aki-a71cf9ce ari-a51cf9cc	
INSTANCE	i-90f16af9	ami-9136d1f8	ec2-174-129-144-191.compute-1.amazonaws.com	ip-10-250-230-176.ec2.internal	ru
nning tom	7	c1.medium	2009-03-20T14:31:40+0000 us-east-1c	aki-a71cf9ce ari-a51cf9cc	
INSTANCE	i-93f16afa	ami-9136d1f8	ec2-67-202-5-6.compute-1.amazonaws.com	ip-10-250-118-159.ec2.internal	running to
m 8		c1.medium	2009-03-20T14:31:40+0000 us-east-1c	aki-a71cf9ce ari-a51cf9cc	
INSTANCE	i-92f16afb	ami-9136d1f8	ec2-174-129-183-22.compute-1.amazonaws.com	ip-10-250-198-33.ec2.internal	ru
nning tom	9	c1.medium	2009-03-20T14:31:40+0000 us-east-1c	aki-a71cf9ce ari-a51cf9cc	

Terminate all instances? [yes or no]: yes

INSTANCE	i-b3f16ada	running shutting-down
INSTANCE	i-9bf16af2	running shutting-down
INSTANCE	i-9af16af3	running shutting-down
INSTANCE	i-9df16af4	running shutting-down
INSTANCE	i-9cf16af5	running shutting-down
INSTANCE	i-9ff16af6	running shutting-down
INSTANCE	i-9ef16af7	running shutting-down
INSTANCE	i-91f16af8	running shutting-down
INSTANCE	i-90f16af9	running shutting-down
INSTANCE	i-93f16afa	running shutting-down
INSTANCE	i-92f16afb	running shutting-down

loy:cloudera-for-hadoop-on-ec2-0.3.0 tom\$

Case Study



Case Study: Adknowledge

- Ad network broker www.adknowledge.com
- Already using AWS for some time
- Use Hadoop and AWS to analyze clickstream events

Adknowledge Data Flow

- Continually loading clickstream data into S3. 1TB/month (compressed).
- Daily batch jobs on a Hadoop cluster of 100 EC2 extra large instances
- Map to load data into HDFS from S3
- 9 MapReduce jobs take 3.5 hours to run
- Final result 1.5 GB (compressed) copied back to S3 before tearing down cluster

Adknowledge Lessons Learned

- 2% of EC2 instances fail. Problem if one's a namenode.
- System was not stable until Hadoop 0.18 (previously 2–3 complete failures per week)
- Error handling between dependent jobs is not robust
 - Hadoop Workflow System (HADOOP-5303) will improve this

Future

- Hadoop on EBS
 - Use a hybrid local disk/EBS storage model
 - 1 replica on EBS, 2 local
 - Share HDFS clusters
 - Use EBS snapshot facility
 - Like Amazon Public Datasets but for HDFS
 - Hadoop on more cloud providers
-

Questions

- Apache Hadoop on EC2 and S3
 - <http://wiki.apache.org/hadoop/AmazonEC2>
 - <http://wiki.apache.org/hadoop/AmazonS3>
 - Cloudera's Distribution for Hadoop
 - <http://www.cloudera.com/hadoop>
 - <http://www.cloudera.com/community-support>
 - Tom White
 - tomwhite@apache.org
 - tom@cloudera.com
-