

# Installation of Apache OpenMeetings 4.0.2 on Arch Linux

This tutorial is based on a fresh installations of

arch-anywhere-2.2.8-x86 64.iso

Arch Anywhere, it is a pure Arch Linux, with the only difference that the installation it is graphical. That's all.

It is tested with positive result. We will use the Apache's binary version OpenMeetings 4.0.2 stable, that is to say will suppress his compilation. It is done step by step.

25-2-2018

Please,	be connec	cted to Inte	ernet durir	ng all the	e process	tu run	any	server
Starting	g							

1) ----- Update Operative System -----

Open a terminal as root:

su

...will ask for root password, and we update the operative system:

pacman -Syu

2)

# ----- Installation of Oracle Java 1.9 -----

Java 1.8 or 1.9 it is necessary for OpenMeetings 4.0.2. We'll install Oracle Java.

We'll install Packer. Packer is a wrapper for both Pacman and AUR. Packer reduce the complexity of manually compiling and installing the packages.

First, install the required dependencies:

```
pacman -S base-devel fakeroot jshon expac git wget
```

```
...when ask:
                Enter a selection (default=all):
                                                        ...press Enter.
...will ask also: Continue with the installation? [Y/n]
                                                        ...press Enter.
...and when finish, exit as root:
exit
Download the PKGBUILD script from AUR:
wget https://aur.archlinux.org/cgit/aur.git/plain/PKGBUILD?h=packer
...rename the unloaded file:
mv PKGBUILD\?h\=packer PKGBUILD
...we compile it:
makepkg
...and now install Packer:
sudo pacman -U packer-*.pkg.tar.xz
...will ask: Continue with the installation [Y/n] ...press Enter.
```

Now, being at home, and in the terminal as user, not as root, install Oracle Java:

# packer jdk

...will show all the available java versions. Type the number of Oracle Java Development, according to your Arch Linux installation, 32 or 64bit.

In my case i type, at the end of the shell, the number 18:

```
(v) (A) (X)
                          guadal@ar:/home/guadal
Archivo Editar Ver Buscar Terminal Ayuda
15 extra/visualvm 1.3.9-1
     Visual tool integrating several commandline JDK tools and lightweight
     profiling capabilities
16 community/java-atk-wrapper-openjdk7 0.33.3-1
     ATK wrapper for screen reader access to Java Swing applications - OpenJDK
17 community/java-atk-wrapper-openjdk8 0.33.3-1
      ATK wrapper for screen reader access to Java Swing applications - OpenJDK
18 aur/jdk 9.0.4-1 (778)
   Oracle Java Development Kit
19 aur/jdk7 7u80-1 (134)
   Oracle Java 7 Development Kit (public release - end of support)
20 aur/jdk6 6u45-6 (82)
   Oracle Java 6 Development Kit (public release - end of support)
21 aur/jdk-docs 9.0.4-1 (55)
   Documentation for Oracle Java Development Kit
22 aur/jdk8 8u162-1 (40)
   Oracle Java 8 Development Kit
23 aur/jdk-devel 10b42-1 (37)
   Oracle Java 10 Development Kit Snapshot
24 aur/jre8-openjdk-infinality 8.u152-1 (30)
   OpenJDK Java 8 full runtime environment with infinality patch applied
25 aur/jre8-openjdk-headless-infinality 8.u152-1 (30)
```

```
guadal@ar:/home/guadal
Archivo Editar Ver Buscar Terminal Ayuda
    Documentation for Oracle Java 6 Development Kit
50 aur/jdk8-openj9-bin 8u152-b16-1 (3)
    Eclipse (former IBM) OpenJ9 with openjdk8
51 aur/jdk5 5u22-1 (3)
    Oracle Java 5 Development Kit (public release - end of support)
52 aur/bin32-jdk6 6u45-5 (3)
    Oracle Java 6 Development Kit (32-bit) (public release - end of support)
53 aur/zulu-jdk 8u144b01-1 (2)
    Zulu JVM built upon OpenJDK 8
54 aur/ldapjdk 4.19-1 (2)
   The Mozilla LDAP Java SDK
55 aur/bin32-jdk5 5u22-1 (2)
   Oracle Java 5 Development Kit (32-bit) (public release - end of support)
56 aur/jdk-dcevm 8u144-1 (1)
   Oracle Java Development Kit with DCEVM patches
57 aur/jdk7r1-j9-bin 7.1.4.15-1 (1)
   IBM® SDK, Java Technology Edition, Version 7 Release 1
58 aur/jdk7-j9-bin 7.0.10.15-1 (1)
    IBM® SDK, Java Technology Edition, Version 7
59 aur/java8-openjdk-hsdis 8.u112-1 (1)
    Disassembler for HotSpot
Type numbers to install. Separate each number with a space.
Numbers: 18
```

	1 45			
6)	Installation of Adobe Flash Player			
OpenMeetings even need Adol	pe Flash Player for cam. We install it:			
sudo pacman -S flashplugin				
7)	Compilation of FFmpeg			
FFmpeg work with video. Will install a libraries, paquets, and vlc to play the recordings that we'll make in OpenMeetings. Access as root to shell:				
suwill ask for root passw	ord			
	(Only one line with space between both)			
pacman -S glibc faac faad2 gsi mercurial nasm pkgconfig yasi	m imlib2 vorbis-tools autoconf automake cmake gcc git libtool make m vlc qt4			
The ffmpeg compilation it is b	pased on this url, updated file versions 25-2-2018:			
https:	//trac.ffmpeg.org/wiki/CompilationGuide/Centos			
I made a script that will download, compile and install ffmpeg. It is tested and works ok. The result of any recordings we do in OpenMeetings, will be in mp4 format.				
When the compilation be finish	hed, will appear a text announces it:			
	FFMPEG Compilation is Finished!			

wget https://cwiki.apache.org/confluence/download/attachments/27838216/ffmpeg-archlinux.sh

So, download the script:

...concede execution permission to it:

...and run it (be connected to Internet):

 $chmod +\!x \ ffmpeg-archlinux.sh$ 

cd/opt

#### ./ffmpeg-archlinux.sh

The compilation will spend about 30 minutes.

When finished, please go to step 8).

But if you prefer, can copy and paste, though i **don't advise.** Leave here the commands script:

nano /opt/ffmpeg-arch.sh

```
...copy the green text from here:
```

```
# Script ffmpeg compile for Arch Linux
# Alvaro Bustos, thanks to Hunter.
# Updated 25-2-2018
# Create a temporary directory for sources.
SOURCES=$(mkdir ~/ffmpeg sources)
cd ~/ffmpeg sources
# Download the necessary sources.
# git clone --depth 1 git://git.videolan.org/x264
curl -#LO ftp://ftp.videolan.org/pub/x264/snapshots/last_stable_x264.tar.bz2
hg clone https://bitbucket.org/multicoreware/x265
git clone --depth 1 git://git.code.sf.net/p/opencore-amr/fdk-aac
curl -L -O http://downloads.sourceforge.net/project/lame/lame/3.99/lame-3.99.5.tar.gz
wget https://sources.voidlinux.eu/opus-1.2.1/opus-1.2.1.tar.gz
wget http://downloads.xiph.org/releases/ogg/libogg-1.3.2.tar.gz
wget http://downloads.xiph.org/releases/vorbis/libvorbis-1.3.5.tar.gz
wget http://downloads.xiph.org/releases/theora/libtheora-1.1.1.tar.gz
git clone --depth 1 https://chromium.googlesource.com/webm/libvpx.git
# git clone --depth 1 git://source.ffmpeg.org/ffmpeg
wget http://ffmpeg.org/releases/ffmpeg-3.4.2.tar.gz
# Unpack files
for file in 'ls ~/ffmpeg sources/*.tar.*'; do
tar -xvf $file
done
cd x264-*/
./configure --prefix="$HOME/ffmpeg build" --bindir="$HOME/bin" --enable-static && make &&
make install && make distclean; cd...
```

cd x265/build/linux

cmake -G "Unix Makefiles" -DCMAKE\_INSTALL\_PREFIX="\$HOME/ffmpeg\_build" -DENABLE\_SHARED:bool=off ../../source && make && make install; cd ~/ffmpeg\_sources

cd fdk-aac

autoreconf -fiv && ./configure --prefix="\$HOME/ffmpeg\_build" --disable-shared && make && make install && make distclean; cd ..

cd lame-\*/

./configure --prefix="\$HOME/ffmpeg\_build" --bindir="\$HOME/bin" --disable-shared --enable-nasm && make && make install && make distclean; cd ..

cd opus-\*/

autoreconf -fiv && ./configure --prefix="\$HOME/ffmpeg\_build" --disable-shared && make && make install && make distclean; cd ..

cd libogg-\*/

./configure --prefix="\$HOME/ffmpeg\_build" --disable-shared && make && make install && make distclean; cd ..

cd libvorbis-\*/

LDFLAGS="-L\$HOME/ffmeg\_build/lib" CPPFLAGS="-I\$HOME/ffmpeg\_build/include" ./configure --prefix="\$HOME/ffmpeg\_build" --with-ogg="\$HOME/ffmpeg\_build" --disable-shared && make && make install && make distclean; cd ..

cd libtheora-\*/

./configure --prefix="\$HOME/ffmpeg\_build" --with-ogg="\$HOME/ffmpeg\_build" --disable-examples --disable-shared --disable-sdltest --disable-vorbistest && make && make install; cd ...

cd libvpx

./configure --prefix="\$HOME/ffmpeg\_build" --disable-examples && make && make install && make clean; cd ..

cd ffmpeg-\*/

PKG\_CONFIG\_PATH="\$HOME/ffmpeg\_build/lib/pkgconfig" ./configure --prefix="\$HOME/ffmpeg\_build" --extra-cflags="-I\$HOME/ffmpeg\_build/include" --extra-ldflags="-L\$HOME/ffmpeg\_build/lib" --bindir="\$HOME/bin" --pkg-config-flags="--static" --enable-gpl --enable-nonfree --enable-libfdk\_aac --enable-libfreetype --enable-libmp3lame --enable-libopus --enable-libvorbis --enable-libvpx --enable-libx264 --enable-libx265 --enable-libtheora && make && make install && make distclean && hash -r; cd ..

cd ~/bin

cp ffmpeg ffprobe ffserver lame x264 /usr/local/bin

cd ~/ffmpeg\_build/bin

cp x265 /usr/local/bin

echo "FFmpeg Compilation is Finished!"

...to here.

Concede permission of execution:

chmod +x /opt/ffpmeg-arch.sh

cd /opt

Now be connected to Internet, run the script and wait about 30 minutes while the compilation is finished:

./ffmpeg-arch.sh

All the compiled files will be installed in: /usr/local/bin

8)

----- Installation of MariaDB data server -----

MariaDB is the data server. We install it: (continue as root in shell)

pacman -S mariadb

Initialize data directories (be connected to Internet):

mysql install db --user=mysql --basedir=/usr --datadir=/var/lib/mysql

...and run MariaDB:

systemctl start mysqld

Give a password to MariaDB root . Please, modify new-password by your own and remember it:

mysqladmin -u root password new-password

Access to MariaDB:

mysql -u root -p

...will ask for the password you does just now.

Make a database called open402, for OpenMeetings. User password must be of 8 digits minimum:

MariaDB [(none)]> CREATE DATABASE open402 DEFAULT CHARACTER SET 'utf8';

Now we create a user with all permission on this open402 database:

(Only one line with space between both)

MariaDB [(none)]> GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON open402.\* TO 'hola'@'localhost' IDENTIFIED BY '1a2B3c4D' WITH GRANT OPTION:

*	open402		name of the database
*	hola		user for that database
*	1a2B3c4	D	.password of this user

You can change the data, but...remember it! Later we'll need it. We leave MariaDB:

MariaDB [(none)]> quit

9)

# ----- Installation of OpenMeetings -----

We'll install OpenMeetings in /opt/red5402. All the following information will be based on this directory.

Call to our folder of installation red5402

Make that folder:

mkdir/opt/red5402

cd/opt/red5402

...and download the OpenMeetings file:

wget http://apache.miloslavbrada.cz/openmeetings/4.0.2/bin/apache-openmeetings-4.0.2.zip

unzip apache-openmeetings-4.0.2.zip

...save the unloaded file to /opt:

mv apache-openmeetings-4.0.2.zip /opt

Download and install the connector between OpenMeetings and MariaDB:

cd /opt

(Only one line without space between both)

wget http://repo1.maven.org/maven2/mysql/mysql-connector-java/5.1.45/mysql-connector-java-5.1.45.jar

...and copy it to where must be:

cp /opt/mysql-connector-java-5.1.45.jar /opt/red5402/webapps/openmeetings/WEB-INF/lib

Now we are going to configure OpenMeetings for our database in MariaDB:

nano/opt/red5402/webapps/openmeetings/WEB-INF/classes/META-INF/mysql\_persistence.xml

#### **Modify in line 72:**

, Url=jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/openmeetings?

...to

, Url=jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/open402?

...it is the name of the database that we did initially.

Press on keyboard, Ctrl+x, Y and Enter, to save changes and exit nano editor.

Logically, if initially you choose another database name, you will type it here.

Protect the access to the file:

(Only one line without space between both)

chmod 6402 /opt/red5402/webapps/openmeetings/WEB-INF/classes/META-INF/mysql persistence.xml

# 10)

# ----- Script to launch red5-OpenMeetings -----

We make the folder /etc/init.d, where put the red5 run script:

mkdir /etc/init.d

Download the script to run red5-OpenMeetings:

cd /opt

wget https://cwiki.apache.org/confluence/download/attachments/27838216/red5-2

...copy it to where must be:

cp red5-2 /etc/init.d/

...concede execution permission:

#### chmod +x /etc/init.d/red5-2

If you would made the installation in any other different path to /opt/red5402, please edit the script and modify the line:

RED5\_HOME=/opt/red5402

...to

RED5 HOME=/your-path-installation

11)

----- Run red5-OpenMeetings -----

Restart MariaDB:

# systemctl restart mysqld

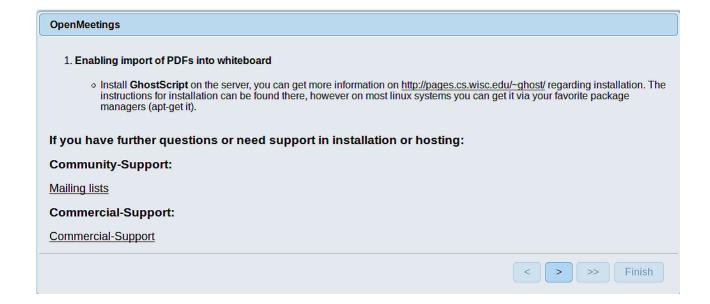
...and run red5-OpenMeetings. Please, open a new terminal as root, and be connected to Internet, so the running will be quick:

#### /etc/init.d/red5-2 start

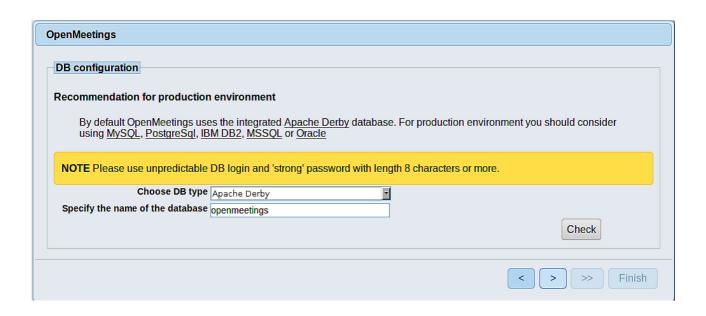
...wait untill the text "CleanupJob.cleanRoomFiles", it is the last in the shell. Then, go with the browser to:

# http://localhost:5080/openmeetings/install

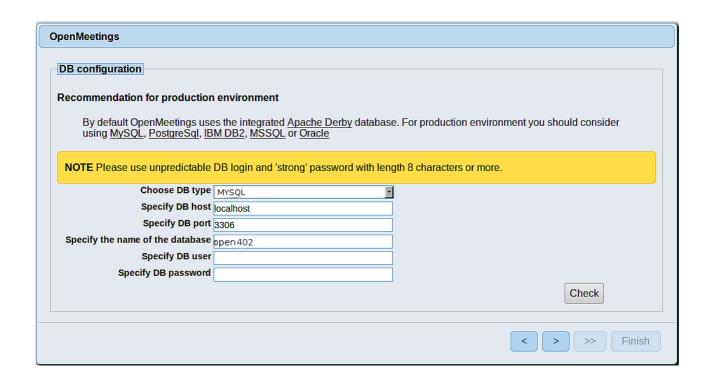
...there will appear a page similar to this one:



...push on (bottom), and will show the default configuration with Derby, but we employ MySQL (MariaDB):



...so, scroll and Choose DB type to MySQL:



...and will show the database name, we made in the step 9. If you've choose any other different name for this, will show equally.

Now we must introduce the user name we did for our data base, at the step 8, and his password:

Specify DB user = hola

Specify DB password = 1a2B3c4D

Press button, and will go to:

OpenMeetings			
Userdata			
Username			
Userpass			
EMail			
User Time Zone	Europe/Madrid ▼		
Group(Domains)			
Name			
		< > >> Finish	

Here, we must introduce a user name for OpenMeetings, and his password. This must have 8 digits minimum, and at least 1 special symbol like: + ( % #! ...etc.

**Username** = a-name ...this user will be administrator.

Userpass = a-password ... for the previous user.

**Email** = email-adress ... of this previous user.

**User Time Zone** = country where is this server.

Name = example-openmeetings ...group name to choose.

Press the button and will lead us to a new page (below) where you can select the language for your OpenMeetings server, as well as other options such as the configuration of the mail server being used to send invitations or meetings from OpenMeetings:

OpenMeetings	
Configuration	
Allow self-registering	
Send Email to new registered Users	
New Users need to verify their EMail Default DB objects of all types will be created (including Rooms, OAuth2 servers etc.)	
Mail-Referer	noreply@openmeetings.apache.org
SMTP-Server	localhost
SMTP-Server Port(default Smtp-Server Port is 25)	25
SMTP-Username	
SMTP-Userpass	
Enable TLS in Mail Server Auth	
Set inviter's email address as ReplyTo in email invitations	
Default Language	inglés
	< > >> Finish

A valid example to configure the mail server with Gmail, is as follows:

(replace john@gmail.com with your real Gmail account)

Mail-Refer = john@gmail.com

SMTP-Server == smtp.gmail.com

SMTP-Server Port (default Smtp-Server Port is 25) == 587

SMTP-Username = john@gmail.com

SMTP-Userpass == password of john@gmail.com

Enable TLS in Mail Server Auth == ...turn green the button to activate

**Default Language** == ...select your language

...the rest you can change it as you like.

Now press the button > and a new page will appear:

OpenMeetings			
Converters			
Document conversion DPI	150		
Document conversion JPEG Quality	90		
ImageMagick Path		Check	
FFMPEG Path 0		Check	
SoX Path		Check	
OpenOffice/LibreOffice Path for jodconverter		Check	
see also <u>Installation</u>			
		< > >> Finish	

Here we'll introduce the respective paths for the image, video, audio and conversion of uploaded files:

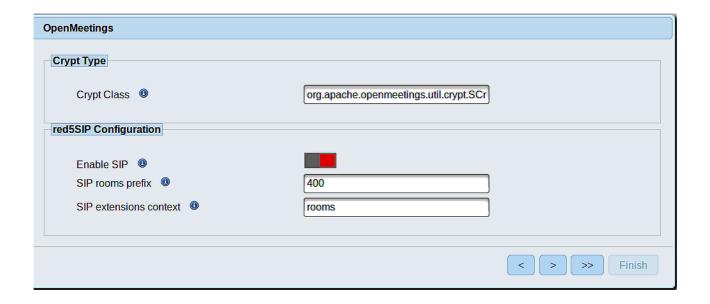
ImageMagick Path == /usr/bin

FFMPEG Path == /usr/local/bin

SOX Path == /usr/bin

OpenOffice/LibreOffice Path for jodconverter == /usr/lib/libreoffice

Once completed the paths, please click the button and move on to another page that would be to activate the SIP. We will leave it as is, unless you want to activate it knowing what it does:



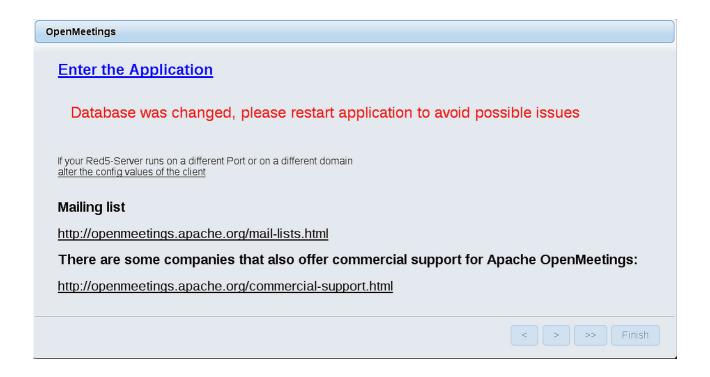
Now, touch the button Will show this window:



Press Finish button...wait a seconds untill the tables are fill in our database.

When is concluded, this another page will appear. Don't clic on **Enter the Application**. First is need it to restart red5 server. Please, be connected to Internet. Open a new terminal as root:

/etc/init.d/red5-2 restart



Now yes, you can clic on **Enter the Application**, or go with your browser to:

# http://localhost:5080/openmeetings

...and will take us to the entry of OpenMeetings:

Login	
Username or mail address Password	
Forgotten your password?	☐ Remember login  Network testing
	Not a member? Sign in

Introduce the user's name and the password, that you have choosen during the installation, push **Sign in** button, and...

# ... Congratulations!

The next time that you like to accede OpenMeetings, would be:

# http://localhost:5080/openmeetings

Remember to open in the server, the two following ports:

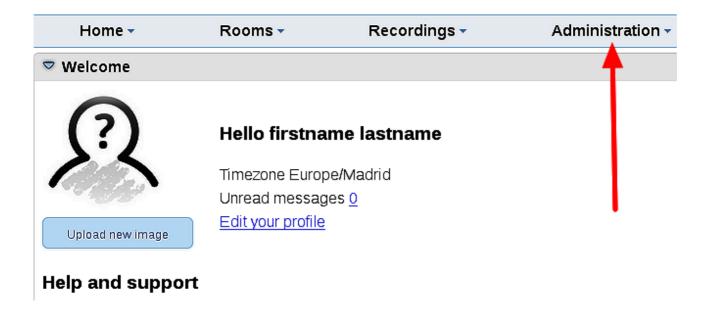
#### 1935 5080

...in order that it could accede to OpenMeetings from other machines in Lan or Internet.

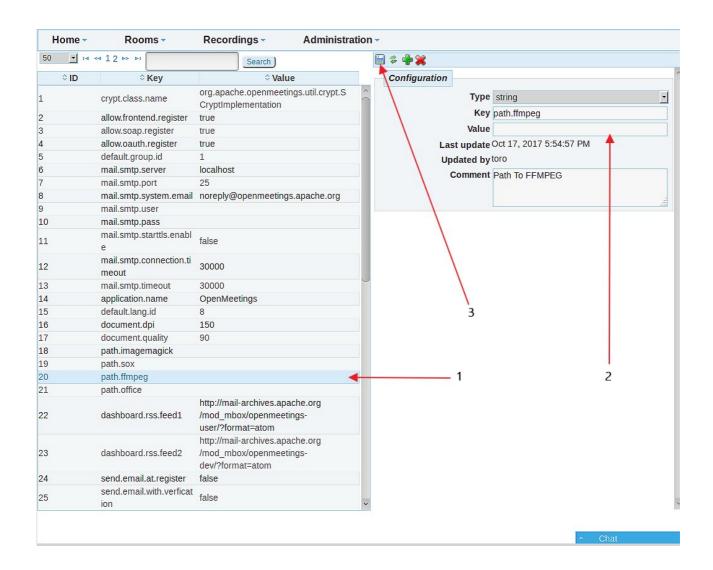
# 12) ----- OpenMeetings's configuration -----

Once you acced to OpenMeetings, if you would like to do any modification in the configuration, please go to:

# **Administration** → **Configuration**



...and following the order of the red arrows:



And this is all.	

If you have some doubt or question, please raise it in the Apache OpenMeetings forums:

 $\underline{http://openmeetings.apache.org/mail-lists.html}$ 



Thank you.

Alvaro Bustos