

Creating Let's Encrypt SSL Certificates and Installing Coturn on Arch Linux for OpenMeetings 5.0.1

This tutorial is basically made for those who have OpenMeetings 5.0.1 installed on your computer behind a NAT router. It's tested and working properly.

If you didn't have it installed you can directly download the installation guide from here:

Download Installation OpenMeetings 5.0.1 on Arch Linux

I thank Maxim Solodovnik and Carlos Heras, without whose collaboration in the trials practices could not have confirmed the proper functioning and thus be able to publish the present tutorial.

I also thank all those who have contributed such as Marcus Schulz and Daniel Baker. Thanks to all them.

Starting...

1)

----- Creating SSL Let's Encrypt certificates -----

Download certbot, needed to build the certificates.

sudo pacman -S certbot

It is important that your pc-server does not have port 80 in use with some web server or some other. If so, stop it and continue with this step. When the certificates are completed, you can throw it again. This port must be open in the router and the firewall.

Let's Encrypt validate "SSL Certificate Authority (CA)" of your domain.

We'll run it with the --standalone parameter, so you can add each domain at the end requires a certificate, for exemple: -d newexemple.com

Change "exemple.com" to the true domain of your server:

sudo certbot certonly --standalone -d exemple.com -d www.exemple.com

You will be asked for an admin email address. Put a real one to get you keep you informed about certificates:

Installation succeeded.

Saving debug log to /var/log/letsencrypt/letsencrypt.log
Plugins selected: Authenticator standalone, Installer None
Enter email address (used for urgent renewal and security notices) (Enter 'c' to cancel): ...here your mail address and press Enter

Ask if you agree:
Please read the Terms of Service at https://letsencrypt.org/documents/LE-SA-v1.2-November-15-2017.pdf. You must agree in order to register with the ACME server at https://acme-v02.api.letsencrypt.org/directory
(A)gree/(C)ancel:type aand press Enter
Ask if you want to share your email address:
Would you be willing to share your email address with the Electronic Frontier Foundation, a founding partner of the Let's Encrypt project and the non-profit organization that develops Certbot? We'd like to send you email about our work encrypting the web, EFF news, campaigns, and ways to support digital freedom.
(Y)es/(N)o:type nand press Enter

when you finish making the certificates successfully, it will show the following:

IMPORTANT NOTES:

- Congratulations! Your certificate and chain have been saved at: /etc/letsencrypt/live/your_domain/fullchain.pem
Your key file has been saved at: /etc/letsencrypt/live/your_domain/privkey.pem
Your cert will expire on 2020-06-24. To obtain a new or tweaked version of this certificate in the future, simply run letsencrypt-auto again. To non-interactively renew *all* of your certificates, run "letsencrypt-auto renew"

- If you like Certbot, please consider supporting our work by:

Donating to ISRG / Let's Encrypt: https://letsencrypt.org/donate
Donating to EFF: https://eff.org/donate-le

2) ----- Checking domain certificates -----

We'll see where are stored the certificates we just create, that in our case will be at /etc/letsencrypt/live:

sudo ls /etc/letsencrypt/live

...will show your domain name: your domain

All domains that you specified in the previous step will be located in the same certificate.

3) ----- Renewing the SSL certificate -----

The Let's Encrypt certificate has an drawback, and is that it is valid only 90 days, so we're going to have to renew it.

We can do this manually (always connected to Internet):

sudo certbot renew

4) ----- Configuring Tomcat-OpenMeetings with SSL certificates -----

This configuration we will now make is only for the 5.x.x (not 4.x.x) openMeetings series. **This step number 4 must be repeated every 80 days**, after updating the certificates, as it is 90 Let's Encrypt's valid days.

I followed the OM installation path that show the OpenMeetings tutorials that are found on their official wiki site. I mean /opt/open501.

If you had done the installation on a different path, modify what you indicate below. We already made the letsencrypt certificates for our domain in step 1. Now let's create a PKCS12 that contains the full chain and the private one. It is necessary to have installed openssl. We install it if not:

sudo pacman -S openssl

Now run the following command:

(Only one line with space between each of them)

sudo openssl pkcs12 -export -out /tmp/example.com_fullchain_and_key.p12 -in /etc/letsencrypt/live/example.com/fullchain.pem -inkey /etc/letsencrypt/live/example.com/privkey.pem -name tomcat

...replace example.com with your true domain (the same as when we made letsencrypt certificates) ...will ask for a password. Type one that you likes and paste in a text file (will need now)

And now convert that PKCS12 to JKS file using java keytool:

(Only one line with space between each of them)

sudo keytool -importkeystore -deststorepass samplePassword -destkeypass samplePassword -destkeystore /tmp/example.com.jks -srckeystore /tmp/example.com_fullchain_and_key.p12 -srcstoretype PKCS12 -srcstorepass samplePassword -alias tomcat

...replace example.com with your true domain (twice), and samplePassword (three times) with the password you just choosed (it you pasted in a text file).

Copy the generated example.com.jks file to the Tomcat-OpenMeetings installation directory:

sudo cp /tmp/example.com.jks /opt/open501/conf

...replace example.com with your true domain.

Configure Tomcat with the Java Keystore that we generated..

For that edit server.xml file:

sudo nano /opt/open501/conf/server.xml

...let's go to the block:

```
maxThreads="150" SSLEnabled="true">

<SSLHostConfig>

<Certificate certificateKeystoreFile="conf/example.com.jks"

certificateKeystorePassword="samplePassword"

certificateKeystoreType="JKS"

certificateVerification="false"

sslProtocol="TLS"

type="RSA"/>

</SSLHostConfig>
```

...replace example.com with your true domain, and samplePassword with the password that you've just chosen (the one you just saved to a text file)

...exit the nano editor by pressing the Ctrl+x keys, ask if you save and press Y and then Enter to exit.

```
5) ----- Coturn installation and configuration of Turn server-----
```

Install Coturn (Turn server):

sudo pacman -S coturn

Configuration of turn server.

First we create a password that we'll need to put it in the configuration file of the turn server and later in an OpnMeetings file. We created it:

```
sudo openssl rand -hex 32
```

...copy that long password and paste it into a text file by saving it.

Now edit the turn file configuration:

sudo nano /etc/turnserver/turnserver.conf

...in this file we will have to uncomment (delete #) the following lines (you'll find others uncommented):

use-auth-secret

(on the above line put the long password we just saved in a text file)

user=nobody:a new password

(a new password this for **kurento**, to your liking, you have to save to a text file that we will later need it too))

realm=your real domaing ...change company.org to your real domain

stale-nonce=0 ...change 600 to 0 (zero)

log-file=/var/log/turnserver/turn.log

...exit the nano editor by pressing the Ctrl+x keys, ask if you save and press Y and then Enter to exit.

6) ----- Setting Up OpenMeetings 5.0.1 with Kurento media server-----

Edit the applicationContext.xml file of OpenMeetings:

sudo nano /opt/open501/webapps/openmeetings/WEB-INF/classes/applicationContext.xml

...and at the end of the file, in the <-- Kurento --> section we modify it like this:

```
<!-- Kurento -->
   <bean id="kurentoHandler" class="org.apache.openmeetings.core.remote.KurentoHandler"</p>
          p:kurentoWsUrl="ws://127.0.0.1:8888/kurento"
          p:checkTimeout="10000"
          p:watchThreadCount="10"
          p:turnUrl="Public IP of your server:3478"
          p:turnUser="nobody:here the password you choose for kurento in step 5"
   p:turnMode="rest"
          p:turnTtl="60"
          p:objCheckTimeout="200"
          p:flowoutTimeout="5"
          p:kuid="df992960-e7b0-11ea-9acd-337fb30dd93d"
          p:ignoredKuids=""
...above, in:
 ...replace the line: 751c45cae60a2839711a94c8d6bf0089e78b2149ca602fdXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
...by the long password that we generated in step 5 and that we save in a text file
...exit the nano editor by pressing the Ctrl+x keys, ask if you save and press Y and then Enter to
exit.
IS IMPORTANT...we must reboot the machine, and later to continue in the next step 7.
But before we'll stop the servers, if they are running:
sudo systemctl stop mysqld.service
sudo docker stop kms
sudo systemctl stop turnserver.service
sudo /etc/init.d/tomcat3 stop
...and now reboot:
```

sudo reboot

7) ----- Run the servers after rebooted the machine -----

Run any server related with OpenMeetings:

MariaDB: sudo systemetl start mysqld.service

Docker: sudo systemctl start docker.service

Kurento: sudo docker start kms

Coturn: sudo systemetl start turnserver.service

Tomcat-OpenMeetings: sudo /etc/init.d/tomcat3 start

8) ----- Open ports required for servers-----

We need open some ports in the router and the firewall for the servers access. These are:

3478 TCP-UDP IN

5443 TCP IN

8888 TCP IN

49152:65535 UDP IN-OUT

To open them (the firewall) with IPTables, these are the commands:

sudo iptables -A INPUT -p udp -m udp --dport 3478 -j ACCEPT

sudo iptables -A INPUT -p tcp -m tcp --dport 3478 -j ACCEPT

sudo iptables -A INPUT -p tcp -m tcp --dport 5443 -j ACCEPT

sudo iptables -A INPUT -p tcp -m tcp --dport 8888 -j ACCEPT

sudo iptables -A INPUT -p udp --match multiport --dports 49152:65535 -j ACCEPT

sudo iptables -A OUT -p udp --match multiport --dports 49152:65535 -j ACCEPT

after run the commands we save the changes:
sudo service iptables save
and restart IPTables:
sudo service iptables restart
And with this we conclude.

If you have some doubt or question, please raise it in the Apache OpenMeetings forums:

https://openmeetings.apache.org/mailing-lists.html

OpenMeetings



Thank you.

Alvaro Bustos (PMC and Committer at Apache OpenMeetings)